# COVENANT COLLEGE, TUGGERANONG, A.C.T. 

## ASSOCIATION INCORPORATED



## CONSTITUTION

AND

## RULES OF THE ASSOCIATION

COVENANT CHRISTIAN SCHOOL
[Incorporating all amendments up to and including 28 March 2023]
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## COVENANT COLLEGE, TUGGERANONG, A.C.T. ASSOCIATION INCORPORATED

## CONSTITUTION

| Name of the Association | 1. The name of the Association shall be COVENANT COLLEGE, TUGGERANONG, <br> A.C.T. ASSOCIATION INCORPORATED hereinafter called the 'Association.' |
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| Objects and Purposes of the Association | 2. The objects for which the Association is formed are: <br> (a) to provide for children a pre-school, sub-primary, primary, secondary and senior secondary education of a general nature consistent with the teaching of Christianity, including religious instruction and education in the Holy Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments interpreted consistently with the basis of the Association; <br> and purposes being: <br> (b) to conduct and arrange a school subject to and consistent with these provisions; <br> (c) to encourage among the staff and Association membership, the pursuit and dissemination of true Christian scholarship in all areas of the school's curriculum and interest, so as to establish a truly Christian world view in all disciplines of life; <br> (d) <br> (i) by precept and example, to confront students with the claims of the Lord Jesus Christ so that in God's appointed time, they might come to exhibit the fruits of true repentance and faith in Christ, confessing Him as Lord and Saviour; <br> (ii) to train students in the beginnings of Christian scholarship and seek to give incentive for their continuing development as Christian scholars; <br> (iii) to develop and apply principles that set forth the Christian ideals of citizenship, godly character and the spirit of reverence, so that personality and sense of responsibility are developed together in the entire life of the scholar; <br> (iv) to this end, students will be encouraged to achieve the highest standard consistent with their capabilities in all their activities, pursuing excellence for the glory of God. <br> (e) subject to the provisions hereof, to provide for the students of the School regular opportunities for religious observance and worship in a form which is consistent with Presbyterian usages; <br> (f) for the purpose of the foregoing, to provide the necessaries and conveniences, and such means of recreation, as the Association (as herein after defined) for the time being may think expedient for all or any of the students of the School and the staff of the School |



|  | children. In the light of this gracious covenant, God has given parents the responsibility to nurture and educate their children. The Christian school should be established in order to enable parents to fulfil their educational responsibility. <br> (j) THE CHRISTIAN SCHOOL: The school is a community of teachers, students and members of a fellowship of Christian believers established and controlled by the Association of Parents and Friends operating under this constitution, united in the communal confession of faith in Christ the Head. Although parents have a primary responsibility for education of the child, yet as Christ has one Body and as believers are members together of that one Body, the Church of God, the school is the responsibility of the whole body of Christ. Within the school community the student is subject to the authority of the teacher, whose legitimate authority is to be upheld by the whole school community. Authority is never to be exercised or maintained for its own sake, but in the school is only to be used for the effective nurture of the child, in harmony with the special task of the school and with an awareness that all authority is of God, to whom all who exercise authority must give account. <br> (k) DEFINITION OF TERMS: All terms used in this section must be defined in terms of the Reformed Confessions of Faith and particularly the Westminster Confession of Faith. |
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| Powers of the Association | 5. The powers of the Association are ordinarily exercised by its elected Council and shall be deemed to include: <br> (a) purchases, taking on lease or in exchange, the hiring or otherwise acquiring of any real or personal property that may be deemed necessary or convenient for any of the objects or purposes of the Association; <br> (b) the buying, selling, supplying of and dealing in goods of all kinds; <br> (c) the construction, maintenance and alteration of buildings or works necessary or convenient for any of the objects of the Association; <br> (d) the appointment and employment of such persons as may be necessary and from time to time the dismissal, suspension or re-employment of such persons and subject to rule 33 the remuneration of them for services rendered. Remuneration may include any accommodation, means of transport or other facilities provided by the Association; <br> (e) the accepting of any gift, whether subject to a special trust or not, for any one or more of the objects or purposes of the Association; <br> (f) the taking of such steps from time to time as the Council or the members in a general meeting may deem expedient for the purpose of procuring contributions to funds of the Association whether by way of donation, subscription or otherwise, excluding lotteries, raffles, games of chance, the showing of pornographic pictures, the sale of pornographic literature and similar methods of raising funds; <br> (g) the printing and publishing of such newspapers, periodicals, books, leaflets and other documents as the Council may think desirable for the promotion of the objects and purposes of the Association; <br> (h) subject to clause (f), the borrowing and raising of money in such manner and on such terms as the Council may think fit or as may be approved or directed by resolution passed at a general meeting; and the securing of the repayment of money so raised or borrowed or the payment of a debt or liability of the Association by giving mortgages, charges or securities upon or over all or any of the real or personal property of the Association; |



## RULES OF THE ASSOCIATION

| Definitions | (1) In these rules, unless the contrary intention appears: <br> 'the Act' means the Associations Incorporation Act 1991 (ACT) as <br> amended and re-enacted from time to time and a reference to a provision of <br> the ACT is a reference to that provision as amended and re-enacted from <br> time to time; |
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| 'Corporations Act' refers to the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) as amended and <br> re-enacted from time to time and a reference to a provision in the Corporation <br> Act is a reference to that provision as amended or re-enacted from time to <br> time; <br> 'Legislation Act' refers to the Legislation Act 2001 (ACT) as amended and re- <br> enacted from time to time and a reference to a provision in the Legislation Act <br> is a reference to that provision as amended or re-enacted from time to time; |  |
| 'the Association' or 'this Association' shall mean the above-mentioned <br> Association; <br> 'the Council' means the Council of Management for the Association; |  |
| 'Councillor' means a member of the Council; |  |
| 'public officer', in relation to an incorporated association, means the public <br> officer of the association appointed in pursuance of section 57 of the Act; |  |
| 'the School' shall mean the School to be operated and managed by the |  |
| Association; <br> 'the Chairman' means the Chairman of the Council and thereto of the <br> Association and shall include any assistant or acting Chairman; |  |
| 'the Secretary' means the Secretary of the Council and thereto the <br> Association and shall include any assistant or acting Secretary; |  |
| 'the Treasurer' means the Treasurer of the Council and thereto the <br> Association and shall include any assistant or acting Treasurer; |  |
| 'Presbyterian Kirk Session' shall mean the elders and inducted ministers of |  |
| the Tuggeranong Parish of the Presbyterian Church of Australia; |  |


|  |  | (i) Words or expressions contained in these rules shall be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of the Legislation Act as in force from time to time, unless this interpretation is in conflict with Rules 2,3 or 4 of the Constitution of the Association. <br> (ii) Where a conflict occurs, the words or expression will be interpreted in accordance with Rules 2,3 and 4 of the Constitution. |
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| Membership of the Association | 2. | (1) A person who is nominated and approved for membership as provided in these rules is eligible to be a member of the Association on payment of the annual subscription prescribed in, or fixed, under these rules. <br> (2) A person who is not a member of the Association at the time of the formation of the Association shall not be admitted to membership unless: <br> (a) he is nominated as provided in sub-rule (3) of this rule; and <br> (b) his admission as a member is approved by the Council. <br> (3) A nomination of a person for membership of the Association: <br> (a) shall be made in writing and include a statement that the applicant supports the Association's objects and agrees to comply with the Association's rules. This application shall be signed by two members of the Association; <br> (b) shall be accompanied by the written consent of the person nominated (which may be endorsed on the form of nomination); <br> (c) the nominee shall have: <br> (i) made a conscientious Public Profession of Faith or equivalent (depending in which Protestant denomination the nominee worships; determined by Council) and is able to subscribe to: <br> (A) A confession that he or she has personal faith in God as the Heavenly Father, in Jesus Christ as the Saviour and Lord, and in the Holy Spirit as the Sanctifier; <br> (B) A promise of dependence on Divine Grace, to serve the Lord and to walk in His way all the days of his or her life; <br> (C) A promise to make diligent use of the means of grace, to share dutifully in the worship and service of the Church, and to give of his or her substance, as the Lord may prosper him or her, for the advancement of His Kingdom throughout the world. <br> (ii) <br> become a Communicant Member (or equivalent as determined by the Council) in good standing of a Protestant Denomination, submitting a reference to support the same from the Minister of their local congregation or from the local ruling body of the said Church; <br> (iii) a conscientious belief in the principles of Christian Education being able to maintain such principles set out in section 4 of this Constitution; <br> (d) shall be interviewed by two members of the Association who are appointed by the Council to establish that the nominee is able to assent to sub-rule (3)(c) of this rule and finding the nominee is able to do so conscientiously, obtain written consent; |



|  | (1) Members of the Association will be provided with the Constitution and any amendments from time to time. <br> (2) Members may request, in writing, a summary of the minutes of Council. This request must state the purpose for requiring access to the minutes. <br> (3) Council may refuse to grant access to a member if Council is satisfied that allowing access to the minutes would be prejudicial to the interests of the Association. Council will provide the Member with their reasons for this decision. |
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| Income and Property of the Association | 3. <br> (1) The income and property of the Association, however derived, shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects of the Association and no portion thereof shall be paid or transferred, directly or indirectly by dividend, bonus, or otherwise to any member of the Association. <br> (1A) The funds of the Association shall be derived from annual subscriptions of members, fees, donations and, subject to any resolution passed by the Association in a general meeting and subject to Schedule 1(9) of the Act and Section 5(f) of the Constitution, and such other sources as the Council determines. <br> (2) The Association shall not: <br> (a) appoint or employ a current member of the Council to any office or position if such office or position carries remuneration by way of salary, fees or allowances; or <br> (b) pay to any such Councillor any remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth (other than the repayment of out-of-pocket expenses). <br> (3) Nothing in the forgoing provisions of this rule prevents the payment in good faith to a servant or member of the Association of: <br> (a) remuneration in return for services actually rendered to the Association by the servant or member or for goods supplied to the Association by the servant or member in the ordinary course of business. <br> (b) interest not exceeding current bank overdraft rate on money lent; or <br> (c) a reasonable and proper sum by way of rent for property or premises let to the Association by the servant or member. |
| Accounts of Receipts, Expenditures, etc. | 4. <br> (1) True accounts shall be kept: <br> (a) of all sums of money received and expended by the Association and the manner in respect of which the receipt or expenditure takes place; and <br> (b) of the property, assets and liabilities of the Association, and subject to any reasonable restriction as to time and manner of inspecting them that may be imposed by the Association for the time being, those accounts shall be opened to the inspection of the members of the Association. <br> (2) The Treasurer of the Association shall be responsible for faithfully keeping all general records, accounting books and records of receipts and expenditure connected with the operations and business of the Association in such form and manner as the Council may direct and in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices and procedures. |


|  | (3) | The accounts, books and records referred to in sub rules (1) and (2) of this rule shall be kept at the Association's office or at such other place as the Council may decide and shall at all times be deemed to be in the custody of the Treasurer. <br> The records, books and other documents of the Association shall be open for inspection at a place in the Territory, free of charge, by a member of the Association at any reasonable time during ordinary office hours in the Territory. |
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| Banking and Finance | 5. <br> (1) <br> (1A) <br> (2) <br> (3) <br> (4) <br> (5) <br> (6) <br> (7) | The Treasurer of the Association shall, on behalf of the Association, be responsible for the receipt of all monies paid to the Association and forthwith after the receipt thereof issue official receipts. <br> The Association will <br> (a) keep records that correctly record and explain its transactions and the financial position of the Association; <br> (b) keep its accounting records in such a way that <br> (i) true and fair accounts can be prepared, and <br> (ii) a statement of the accounts can conveniently and properly be reviewed or audited, and <br> (c) retain its accounting records for at least 7 years after the transactions to which they relate were completed. <br> The Council shall cause to be opened with such bank as the Council selects banking accounts in the name of the Association into which all monies received shall be paid as soon as possible after receipt. <br> The Council may receive from the Association's bank or bankers for the time being the cheques drawn by the Association on any of its accounts with the bank or bankers and may release and indemnify the bank or bankers from and against all claims, actions, suits or demands that may be brought against the bank or bankers arising directly or indirectly out of those cheques or the surrender thereof to the Association. <br> The Council shall from time to time determine the limit of cash payments out of the Association's funds. Until such determination, no payments on an account exceeding $\$ 50$ may be made by cash out of the Association's funds. <br> No cheques shall be drawn on the Association's bank account except for the payment of expenditure that has been authorised by the Council. <br> All cheques, drafts, bills of exchange, promissory notes and other negotiable instruments shall be signed by the Treasurer, or in his absence by such other member or members of the Association as the Council may nominate for that purpose, and shall be countersigned by one other member of the Association as the Council may nominate. <br> The Treasurer shall prepare at the end of each financial year a Statement of Income and Expenditure and Balance Sheet to be presented at the Annual General Meeting. |
| Appointment of the Auditor | 6. <br> (1) <br> (1A | At each annual general meeting of the Association, the members present shall be asked to appoint a person as the auditor of the Association who is neither a member of the Association nor the public officer of the Association and has not prepared or assisted with the preparation of the accounts. <br> The auditor must be either <br> (i) registered as auditor under the Corporations Act, or |


|  | (2) $(3)$ $(4)$ (5) | (ii) a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia, the Institute of Public Accountants or CPA Australia. <br> A person so appointed shall hold office until the annual general meeting next after that at which he is appointed, and is eligible for re-appointment. <br> The first Auditor of the Association may be appointed by the Council before the first annual general meeting and, if so appointed, shall hold office until the first annual general meeting, unless previously removed by a resolution of the members at a general meeting, in which case the members at that meeting may appoint an auditor to act until the first annual general meeting. <br> If an appointment is not made at an annual general meeting the Council shall appoint an auditor of the Association for the then current financial year of the Association. <br> If a casual vacancy occurs in the office of auditor during the course of a financial year of the Association, the Council may appoint a person as auditor and the person so appointed shall hold office until the next annual general meeting. |
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| Duties of the Auditor | 7. <br> (3) <br> (4) <br> (5) | At least once in each financial year the accounts of the Association shall be examined by the auditor. <br> The auditor shall certify as to the correctness of the accounts of the Association and shall report thereon to the members present at the annual general meeting. <br> In his report, and in certifying to the accounts, the auditor shall state: <br> (a) whether he has obtained the information required by him; <br> (b) whether, in his opinion, the Statements and Balance Sheet are properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the financial position of the Association according to the information at his disposal and the explanations given to him and as shown by the books of the Association; and <br> (c) whether the rules relating to the administration of the funds of the Association have been observed, in accordance with the Act, and in accordance with the Australian Accounting S tandards; and <br> (d) whether in his opinion, the accounts do not comply with Australian Accounting Standards, and why. <br> The Secretary of the Council shall cause to be delivered to the auditor a statement of the Association's accounts. <br> The auditor: <br> (a) has a right of access to the accounts, books, records, vouchers and documents of the Association; <br> (b) may require from the servants of the Association such information and explanations as may be necessary for the performance of his duties as auditor; <br> (c) may employ persons to assist him in investigating the accounts of the Association; and <br> (d) may, in relation to the accounts of the Association, examine any member of the Council or any servant of the Association. |



|  |  |  | If, within one hour after the appointed time for the commencement of a general meeting, a quorum is not present at the meeting and it is convened upon the requisition of members, it shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and unless another place is specified by the Chairman at the time of the adjournment or by written notice to members given before the day to which the meeting is adjourned at the same place, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within one hour after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, the meeting shall be dissolved. |
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| Chairman to Preside at General Meetings | 12. <br> (1) (2) | (1) <br> (2) | The Chairman of the Association (or if he appoints his Vice-chairman) shall preside as chairman of every general meeting. <br> If the Chairman or his Vice-chairman is absent from a general meeting, the members present shall elect one of their number to preside as Chairman thereat. |
| Adjournment of General Meetings | 13. <br> (1) | (2) <br> (3) | The Chairman of a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting at which the adjournment took place. <br> Where a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, the like notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of the original meeting. <br> Except as provided in the foregoing provisions of this rule, it is not necessary to give any notice of an adjourned meeting. |
| Determination of Questions Arising at General Meetings | 14. |  | estion arising at a general meeting of the Association shall be determined on a of hands, unless a poll is demanded before or on the declaration of the result show of hands. A declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has, on a of hands, been carried (unanimously or by a particular majority) or lost, and ntry to that effect in the minute book of the Association are evidence of the fact, out proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of, or st, that resolution. |
| Votes | 15. | (1) <br> (2) <br> (ii) <br> (4) <br> (5) | Upon any question arising at a general meeting of the Association, a member has one vote only. <br> (i) Votes shall be given in person or by proxy. Proxy votes must be in writing and provided to another member to present on their behalf at a general meeting of the Association. One member may only hold one (1) proxy vote. <br> Before accepting a proxy vote, the Secretary of the Council (or delegate) must check that the proxy vote is made by a member who is eligible to vote under Rule 15(3).(3) Only financial members may vote. <br> The Chairman does not have a deliberative vote. <br> In the case of an equality of voting on a question, the Chairman of the meeting is entitled to exercise a casting vote. |


| Taking of Poll | 16. If at a meeting a poll on any question is demanded, it shall be taken at that meeting in such a manner as the Chairman may direct and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting on the question. |
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| When a Poll is to be Taken | 17. A poll that is demanded on the election of a Chairman or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken forthwith, and a poll that is demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time before the close of the meeting as the Chairman may direct. |
| Affairs of Association to be Managed by a Council | 18. <br> (1) The affairs of the Association shall be managed by the Council constituted as provided in rule 20. <br> (2) The Council: <br> (a) shall control and manage the business and affairs of the Association; <br> (b) shall, subject to these rules, exercise all such powers and functions as are exercised by the Association other than those powers and functions that are required by these rules to be exercised by general meetings of members of the Association; <br> (c) subject to the Act and these rules, has power to perform all such acts and things as appear to the Council to be essential for the proper management of the Association. <br> (d) The Council will provide a report to the Association at the Annual General Meeting on the work and decisions of the Council over the preceding 12 months. |
| Constitution of Council | 19. <br> (1) The Council shall consist of nine (9) elected and appointed members, as well as ex officio members referred to in rule 34. <br> (2) Three (3) members shall be elected at an annual general meeting of the Association and six (6) shall be appointed by the Board of Electors. <br> (3) Each Councillor elected at an annual general meeting of the Association shall, subject to these Rules, hold office until the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the third year after his election and is eligible for reelection for one further term of three (3) years but thereafter is ineligible for election or appointment until after the lapse of twelve (12) months <br> (4) Each Councillor appointed by the Board of Electors shall, subject to these Rules, hold office until the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the third year after his appointment and is eligible for re-appointment for one further term of three (3) years but thereafter is ineligible for appointment or election until after the lapse of twelve (12) months. <br> (5) No person whose spouse is already a Councillor is eligible for election or appointment to the Council and the election or appointment of any person whose spouse is simultaneously elected or appointed is invalid. <br> (6) Nominations for both casual and term positions of Council should generally only be accepted from individuals who have been active Association members for a minimum of 12 months, unless exceptional circumstances apply. |


| Restrictions on Eligibility for a Public Officer | 19A <br> The Council must not appoint a public officer, Council member or Committee member if that person <br> (i) is bankrupt or personally insolvent <br> (ii) has been convicted of an indictable offence, or for fraud or dishonesty, or <br> (iii) has not complied with the Associations Incorporation Act 1991. |
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| Officers of the Association | 20. <br> (1) At the first ordinary meeting of the Council after each annual general meeting of the Association the Council shall elect from within its own membership the following to be officers of the Council and officers of the Association until the conclusion of the first ordinary meeting of the Council after the next following annual general meeting of the Association: <br> (a) a Chairman; <br> (b) a Treasurer; and <br> (c) a Secretary. <br> (1A) Council shall elect a public officer of the Association from within the membership of the Council, from time to time. <br> (2) In the event of a vacancy occurring in any of the offices in sub-rule (1) hereof, the Council shall elect from within its own membership a replacement. <br> (3) The Council may, according to its discretion, at any time appoint an assistant to, or a person to act in the office of, any of the Officers. |
| Election by Association of Members of the Council | 21. <br> (1) Nominations of candidates for election as councillors: <br> (a) shall in each case be made in writing and signed by two members of the Association other than the candidate; <br> (b) shall be accompanied by the written consent of the candidate (which maybe endorsed on the form of nomination) with a brief statement in support of his candidacy for distribution irrespective of whether a ballot is required; and <br> (c) shall be delivered to the Secretary of the Association at least twenty eight (28) days before the date fixed for the holding of the annual general meeting. <br> (2) Where a person is nominated pursuant to sub-rule (1): <br> (a) the Council shall within twenty one (21) days prior to the annual general meeting interview the person by two (2) councillors who shall explain to the person the content of section 3 of the Constitution; and <br> (b) the person shall during the interview with councillors, or at least within three (3) days of the interview, make a statutory declaration that he or she subscribes to the content of Section 3 of the Constitution. In the event that a person is unable to unreservedly subscribe to the content of Section 3 of the Constitution, the nomination will be considered invalid and the person deemed ineligible for election as a councillor. <br> (3) If insufficient valid nominations are received to fill the vacancies on the Council by the closing date for nominations, the candidates validly nominated shall be deemed to be elected. <br> (4) If the number of nominations received is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled the persons nominated shall be deemed to be elected. <br> (5) If the number of nominations exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, a ballot shall be held. |


|  | (6) (7) | The ballot for the election of councillors shall be conducted at the annual general meeting in such form as the Council may direct. <br> Where a casual vacancy or unfilled position exists, the Council may, according to its discretion, and subject to these Rules, appoint a person to fill the vacancy: <br> (a) before filling the vacancy such a person must be interviewed by two (2) Councillors who shall explain to the person the content of Section 3 of the Constitution; <br> (b) the person shall make a statutory declaration that he gives conscientious subscription to the beliefs expressed in Section 3 of the Constitution; and <br> (c) the appointed Councillor shall, subject to these Rules, hold office until the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the first year after his appointment. |
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| Appointment by Board of Electors of Members of Council Nominated by Sessions | 22. <br> (1) <br> (2) <br> (3) <br> (4) <br> (5) | The Board of Electors will receive nominations from each of the Presbyterian Kirk Session and the Reformed Session for the purpose of appointing six (6) members of the Council. <br> The Presbyterian Kirk Session and the Reformed Session may each nominate to fill three (3) positions on the Council. <br> Nominations must be received by the Board of Electors: <br> (a) at least sixty (60) days before the annual general meeting of the Association at the conclusion of which vacancies will arise; or <br> (b) at any time after an annual general meeting of the Association in the case of a casual vacancy or unfilled position. <br> Nominations must be accompanied by a full profile of each nominee, a statement of reasons why the nominating Session believes the nominee is an appropriate person for appointment, a record of interview of the nominee by two (2) members of the Council who have explained Section 3 of the Constitution to the nominee, a statutory declaration by the nominee that he gives conscientious subscription to the beliefs expressed in Section 3 of the Constitution and a certificate signed by the Secretary or Chairman of the Association that the nominee is a member of the Association. <br> Where a casual vacancy or unfilled position exists, the Board of Electors will receive nominations as provided by sub-rule (1) hereof. |
| Board of Electors | 22A. <br> (1) <br> (2) | There shall be a Board of Electors, the duties of which shall be <br> (a) to appoint six (6) Council members; and <br> (b) to consider and support or oppose every proposed amendment, alteration or addition to the Constitution or Rules of the Association. <br> The Board of Electors shall consist of five (5) members, each of whom shall: <br> (a) be not a member of the Council; <br> (b) make a statutory declaration that he gives conscientious subscription to the beliefs expressed in Section 3 of the Constitution; <br> (c) be of good repute; <br> (d) be a bona fide practising member of a reformed church; and <br> (e) have no spouse, child, parent or sibling on the Board of Electors. |

(3)
(a) In the event of the number of members falling below five (5) the Board of Electors shall itself appoint additional members to bring the number up to five (5). At no time will the Board of Electors have less than five (5) members for a period exceeding three (3) months and at no time will the number of members drop below three (3).
(b) The Board of Electors shall maintain a permanent record of the dates of appointment and termination of its members showing full name, address and occupation of each and shall provide the Secretary of the Council with all details and changes.
(c) The record referred to in sub-rule (3)(b) hereof shall be in addition to the minutes of the Board of Electors.
(4) A member of the Board of Electors shall cease to hold office if that member:
(a) no longer gives unreserved assent to the provisions of Section 3 of the Constitution;
(b) ceases to be a practising member of a reformed church;
(c) becomes bankrupt or applies to take or takes advantage of any law relating to bankruptcy or insolvent debtors or compounds with his creditors;
(d) is convicted of any offence involving immorality or dishonesty;
(e) resigns in writing to the Board of Electors;
(f) becomes of unsound mind;
(g) is the subject of a vote of no confidence passed unanimously by the Council as a result of requests from both the Presbyterian Kirk Session and the Reformed Session;
(h) fails to attend to the business of the Board of Electors over a period of twelve (12) months; or
(i) ceases to be a member of the Association.
(5)
(a) The initial members of the Board of Electors will be elected at the special general meeting of the Association at which the Board of Electors is established. Thereafter, the Board of Electors will be selfperpetuating as provided by sub-rule (3) hereof.
(b) The detailed procedure of the Board of Electors shall be within its own discretion, provided that there is always a chairman who fulfils its executive functions.
(6) On receiving a nomination for a Councillor pursuant to rule 22, the Board of Electors shall within twenty (20) days consider the nomination and
(a) if the nomination is approved, effect an appointment by resolution and thereupon shall forthwith inform the Session making the nomination and the Secretary of the Council.
(b) if the nomination is not approved, shall forthwith inform the Session making the nomination and request another nomination. If requested by the Session, the Board of Electors will provide reasons for not approving the nomination. If the Session rejects the reasons and provides a basis for its rejection, the Board of Electors will reconsider the nomination.
(7) In its consideration of nominations the Board of Electors may:
(a) make its own inquiries;
(b) take into account the personal knowledge and opinions of any person;
(c) exercise its discretion on the basis of objective or subjective reasoning;


|  | (3) Prior notice shall be given to members of the Council of all meetings including adjourned meetings, specifying the general nature of business to be transacted. <br> (4) Any five (5) members of the Council constitute a quorum for the transaction of business of a meeting of the Council. <br> (5) If a quorum is not present within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, the Chair or Convenor may continue to hold the meeting as a special committee of Council. This meeting can pass motions as Council, but these don't take effect until ratified at the next general Council meeting. <br> (6) At a meeting of the Council the Chairman shall preside, opening each meeting with prayer and a reading from the Scriptures. <br> (7) Questions arising at meetings of the Council or its committees shall be determined by majority vote. <br> (8) Each member present at a meeting of the Council or its committee is entitled to one vote; in the event of an equality of votes on any question, the Chairman or convenor who does not have a deliberative vote may exercise a casting vote. <br> (9) Notice of each Council meeting shall be served on each member of the Council by delivering it to him at a reasonable time before the meeting. |
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| Disclosure of Interests in Contracts etc. | 26. <br> (1) A member of the Council who has a personal material interest in any contract or arrangement made or proposed to be made with the Association must disclose the nature and extent of the interest to the Council and to the Association at the next Annual General Meeting. <br> (2) If a member of Council subsequently has a personal material interest in a contract or arrangement after it is made or entered into, he shall disclose his interest at the first meeting of the Council after he becomes so interested. <br> (3) No member of the Council shall be in attendance whilst Council is discussing in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he has a personal material interest or vote on such a matter and if he does so vote his vote shall not be counted. |
| Executive Committee | 27. The Chairman, the Treasurer and the Secretary constitute an executive committee which may issue instructions to the public officer and the servants of the Association in matters of urgency connected with the management of the affairs of the Association during the intervals between meetings of the Council, and where any such instructions are issued shall report thereon to the next meeting of Council. |
| Annual Subscription | 28. <br> (1) Until otherwise fixed pursuant to sub-rule (2) of this rule, the annual subscription payable by members shall be prescribed by the Council. <br> (2) The amount of the annual subscription may be altered from time to time by the members of the Association by resolution. <br> (3) The annual subscription of a member is due and payable on or before the first day of the financial year of the Association. |
| Financial Year | 29. The financial year of the Association is the period beginning on January 1 of each year and ending on December 31 next following. |


| Notices | 30. A notice may be served by or on behalf of the Association upon any member either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to the member at his usual or last known place of abode. |
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| Dispute Between Members | 30A <br> (1) If a dispute arises between two members of the Association which deals with the work of the Association or the Constitution and Rules of the Association, it is expected that the members will deal with this dispute using biblical principles. <br> (2) If the parties do not resolve the dispute by agreement as per sub-rule (1), then any party to the dispute may start dispute resolution by giving written notice to Council. This notice must include the names and contact details of all parties, and give a brief summary of the matters in dispute and any steps previously taken to resolve the dispute. <br> (3) If the dispute is not resolved, despite sub-rule (1), the following procedure will apply: <br> (a) the Chair will take the matter to Council to make a decision in the best interests of the school, <br> (b) each party will be given the opportunity to be heard, and <br> (c) if either or both parties are not satisfied with the decision of Council, they make take the matter to the Association for their consideration and decision. <br> (4) The Association may decide <br> (a) not to adjudicate the matter and let the decision of Council stand, or (b) to make a decision for either party. <br> (5) In making this decision, the Association may meet in person or use out-ofsession voting, either by paper votes or electronically. However, the rules for a quorum in the Constitution and Rules of the Association must be met. <br> Note: Members should also consider 1 Corinthians 6:1-6 about resolving disputes without taking a brother to court. |
| Expulsion of Members | 31. <br> (1) Subject to this rule, the Council may expel a member from the Association if, in the opinion of the Council, the member has been guilty of conduct detrimental to the interests of the Association. <br> (1A) Any action by the Association to expel a member must ensure due process and procedural fairness. <br> (1B) The public officer will be removed from office if the public officer <br> (i) becomes bankrupt or personally insolvent <br> (ii) is not physically or mentally fit to fulfil the functions of the office, as diagnosed by a Council-appointed suitably qualified medical practitioner <br> (iii) has been convicted of an indictable offence relating to a body corporate <br> (iv) has been convicted or fraud or dishonesty resulting in imprisonment for 3 or more months <br> (v) is disqualified from managing a corporation, or <br> (vi) ceases to live in the ACT. <br> (1C) Where the public officer position becomes vacant, Council must appoint a new public officer within 14 days. <br> (2) The expulsion of the member pursuant to sub-rule (1) does not take effect until the expiration of fourteen (14) days after the service on the member of a notice informing him of his expulsion. |


|  | (2A) A member expelled under sub-rule (1) of this rule shall have the right to address a Special General Meeting of the Association if one is convened for that purpose pursuant to Rules 9(2) and 9(3). <br> (3) A member who has not paid the annual subscription and any other monies payable to the Association shall not be entitled to vote, stand for election or otherwise take part in the affairs of the Association. Further, an unfinancial member shall cease to be a member of the Association if at the expiration of the financial year in which fees or monies are due, such fees or monies remain unpaid. |
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| Staff | 32. <br> (1) Each member of staff must: <br> (a) on interview for employment by Council (at least one councillor and the Principal to be present), have Sections 3 and 4 of the Constitution carefully explained to him, with time being given for a sufficient understanding of their contents; <br> (b) make a statutory declaration that he: <br> (i) understands sub-rule (1)(a) hereof; <br> (ii) gives conscientious subscription to the beliefs expressed in Section 3 of the Constitution; and <br> (iii) promises to maintain the content of Section 4 of the Constitution; <br> (c) be a Communicant member (or equivalent) in good standing of a Protestant denomination, submitting a reference to support the same from the Minister of his local congregation or from the local ruling body of the said Church; and <br> (d) be encouraged to become and/or remain a member of the Association. <br> (2) A suitably qualified Principal shall be appointed by the Council. <br> (3) Suitably qualified academic, executive and non-teaching staff shall be appointed by the Council in consultation with the Principal. <br> (4) The Council may delegate the appointment of non-teaching staff to the Principal. <br> (5) All staff, academic or otherwise, shall be appointed subject to any terms and conditions determined by Council. <br> (6) The Council shall have the sole right to dismiss staff provided that in the case of non-teaching staff such right may be delegated to the Principal. |
| Acceptability and <br> Responsibility of Principal and Staff | 33. <br> (1) The Council alone shall make policy decisions and the Principal with his executive shall operate within such policies with discretion given to them to act executively in matters of day to day nature. <br> (2) The Principal with his executive are answerable to the Council alone. <br> (3) The Principal with his executive may report to the Association or committees of Council but need not answer to these bodies. <br> (4) The staff are answerable to the Principal and his subject authorities only. <br> (5) Matters of student discipline are the responsibility of the teacher in consultation and supported by the Principal and his subject authorities only. |


| School Executive Seats on Council |  | The School Executive (Principal and Business Manager) each have a seat on Council without voting rights. |
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| Seal of the Association |  | (1) The seal of the Association shall be in the form of a rubber stamp, inscribed with the name of the Association encircling the word 'Seal'. <br> (2) The use of the seal of the Association will be by the authority of the Council and be reserved for ceremonial documents. The fixing thereof will be attested to by the signature of two committee members of the Association. However, all other documents and proceedings are deemed to be authenticated simply by the signatures of two committee members of the Association. <br> (3) The seal shall remain in the custody of the Business Manager. <br> Note: The use of the seal of the Association before 28 March 2023, shall not, despite 35 (2), affect the validity of the documents to which it was previously affixed. |
| Dissolution of the Association |  | If upon the winding up or dissolution of the Association there remains, after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, any property whatsoever, the same shall not be paid to or distributed among the members of the Association; it shall be given or transferred to some other institution or institution having objects similar to those of the Association, and which prohibits the distribution of its or their income to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Association under or by virtue of rule 3 above, and that the receiving institution be one that is recognised by item 63A in the First Schedule to the Sales Tax (Exemptions and Classification) Act; such institutions to be determined by the members of the Association at or before the time of dissolution, and if effect cannot be given to the aforesaid provision, then to some charitable object. |
| Other Matters |  | (1) Notwithstanding Sections 33 and 70 of the Associations Incorporation Act 1991, these rules may only be added to, altered, or amended by a resolution at a general meeting supported by a simple majority of the total financial membership of the Association or supported by three-quarters of the members present entitled to vote at that general meeting, whichever is the greater. <br> (2) The resolution referred to in sub-rule (1) hereof will not take effect unless and until it is approved by the Board of Electors. <br> (3) A general meeting referred to in sub-rule (1) hereof must have been convened by 21 days' written notice and such notice must have set out that such a resolution was to be proposed at that general meeting <br> (4) The School Executive, under the direction of the Council, is responsible for the custody of any books, documents or securities, including electronic records, of the Association. |

